





Michigan Immigrant Rights Center

#### KNOW YOUR RIGHT'S

www.MichiganImmigrant.org





# Yes, you have rights!

#### CB

- Although you are not a citizen, you still have important rights
- The purpose of this presentation is to educate you about your rights so that you can **protect yourself and your family.**
- If you do not have papers, it is even more important that you know your rights in the event of an encounter
- We are going to educate you about preventative measures you can take to for yourself and family

### Part I



Prevention

# Avoiding encounters

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Stay away from the Ambassador Bridge or Bluewater Bridge

There are some roads near the bridge where you cannot turn around. Please be careful and avoid these roads. You may not be able to come back.

If you find yourself here, it is very likely that the border patrol will interrogate you.



# Be ready





- Reep a copy of your immigration documents in your house and with someone who you trust
- Memorize your A# (if you have one) and share it with your family
- If you are a permanent resident, the best way to be prepared is to naturalize because the greatest benefit of U.S. citizenship is the peace of mind knowing that you cannot be deported.

### Avoid notarios

- Be careful with *notarios* or *immigration consultants*: they are not permitted to prepare immigration filings

  In fact, it is illegal for them to do so.
- ⊗ Be careful with attorneys who guarantee or promise specific results.
- ≪ Keep your receipts and representation agreements.
- ☼ Do not buy international driver's licenses: they are not valid
  ✗ It is legal to drive in Michigan if you have a valid license from one of several countries. Ask me about yours.

# Prepare your children

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Make a plan for your children in case you are detained.

™ Be ready with your children's passports.

☐ If possible, try to obtain dual citizenship for your children

Register with the consultate

# Children (cont'd)

- When you pay your taxes, declare all of your children.
- Don't buy other's Social Security numbers
- Additionally, don't sell/share your children's numbers with someone else

### Part II



**Encounters with Immigration** 

### General information

- Don't lie or give false names or documents to any employer or U.S. government agent.
- Don't give any information about your immigration status or situation to any government agent.
   Well, your name is probably a good idea though!



### General information (cont'd)



- **Do not tell** the government agents what country you come from.
- Make sure to **use your full name** with the government agents
  - 😘 For example: Ana María Martínez González
  - If you use false names, your family will be unable to find you.

# In your house (cont'd)

- The police cannot enter your house unless they have a warrant **signed by a judge** OR you give them permission to enter.
  - If you open the door, ICE may claim you gave permission to enter.
- You may want to choose to not open the door because they usually do not have a proper warrant
- An ICE administrative warrant (form 1-200, 1-205) does *not* allow them to enter your home without consent

# In your house (cont'd)

- Ask for names and identification numbers from the officers and tell that they do not have your permission to enter.
  - Write down names, addresses, and phone numbers of any person that was a witness to the incident.
- Ask for permission to observe while the search is ongoing Take note of the things you see and the things that are taken



# In your car





- Stop your vehicle in a safe place as soon as possible.

  Stay in your car, turn on your interior lights, open the window, and place your hands on the wheel.
- Show your license, registration, and insurance if you have them.
  - **3** Do not show false documents
- ™ The driver, along with the passengers, has the right to remain silent.

# In your car (cont'd)

- The police cannot search your car without a warrant Do not consent to the police searching the vehicle
- If you have documents that show your right to be in the United States, always keep them with you and show the officer.
  - S Failure to show those documents could result in your arrest

### On the street

- Ask if you have the right to leave

  If s/he says yes, walk away calmly
- You can tell the officer that you decline to continue answering questions at any point



### At work





- If an ICE agent is at your office, remember that you have the right to remain silent
  - On not give information about your immigration status or where you were born
- Never say that you are an American citizen unless you are.

# At work (cont'd)

- Ask to be let go, but do not run
  - The agents might think that you don't have papers and could chase after you
- Do not show false documents



### Part III



After being detained

#### In detention



- Reel free to show the card about your rights



- - your country of birth, your nationality, nor the manner in which you entered the United States
- Of course, never say that you are an American citizen unless you are



- Obtain the name, agency, ID#, and telephone number of any officer detaining you

  You have the right to ask for this information.

- You have the right to an attorney
  - ☑ Talk to an attorney because immigration law is quite complex and it is important that you understand all of your options
- You have the right to contact your embassy/consulateAsk the agent to notify your embassy/consulate
- ™ If you are arrested, you have the right to know why

- Tell the officer **and** your attorney that you are scared to return to your home country, if that is true.
- Do not make any deal or sign any papers without understanding the consequences
- The system to find detainees online is <a href="http://locator.ice.gov">http://locator.ice.gov</a> or by phone at (313) 568-6049 in Michigan

- According to federal guidance, a person should be released by local law enforcement within 48 hours after paying bond or being allowed to go.
- ☐ If detained longer, contact an attorney right away to be released
- It is unlawful to be detained for longer than 48 hours after being otherwise allowed to leave by local law enforcement

### If you are charged with a crime

- Some penalties for criminal acts and some deals made with the police or prosecutor can have **significant immigration consequences** 
  - including deportation or an inability to return to the United States, ever.
  - even if the police officer, prosecutor, or judge says that it will disappear from your record
- An immigration attorneys can advise you fully about what the immigration consequences can be and could help you minimize these

# Detention and your kids

- Find someone who you trust and is able to care for your kids
- If you are detained and your children are in school and nobody will be home, the State of Michigan, through Child Protective Services (CPS), can take temporary custody of them.
- You can ask a friend or family member to care for them
- If possible, write a Power of Attorney

  Note: Power of Attorney expires after 6 months.

### Part V



Conclusion

# Remember your rights



- You have the right to remain silent
- You have the right to talk to an attorney
- You have the right to make a phone call
- You have the right to notify your embassy/consulate

### Our information



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